Showers; warmer.

1,000 FOR \$1

and everything in Surgical Instruments and Appliances. WM. H. ARMSTRONG & CO.'S Surgical Instrument House, 92 South Illinois st.

DESTROYED BY A CYCLONE.

Report that Prophetstown, Ill., Has Been

Wiped Out and Many People Killed.

BURLINGTON, Ia., April 7 .- It is reported

that Prophetstown, Ill., has been swept

away by a cyclone. There are no partic-

ulars except the statement that many

freight cars were blown from the tack

and that the whole town has been wiped

from the face of the earth, and that many

people have been killed. The wires are all

down at this hour, and it seems probable

that no additional information will be se-

MIDNIGHT .- Reports of the cyclone at

Prophetstown, Ill., are meager; no reliable

been sent in all directions and no responses

through a railroad office here, says a stock

atoms and the entire town swept away and

Losses by Fire.

old, weighing 2,000 pounds, with a three-days'-old colt. Loss, \$5,000; insurance, \$750.

WATERFORD, Ont., April 7.—Fire started to-day in the Beemer Block, on Main street,

which, together with most of its contents.

MILWAUKEE, April 7 .- The Northwestern

and employes 225 men, was damaged by

CHICAGO, April 7 .- Fire in Morse's livery

stable, at 609 to 613 West Madison street, this morning, sufficient thirteen horses,

destroyed fifteen buggies and damaged the

building to the amount of \$500. Loss on

FORTVILLE, April 7.—William S. Bills's barn, located one-half mile west of here,

was burned on Sunday night. Three brood

mares, one colt, hay, corn, wheat and farm-

Obituary.

Young, who was for a quarter of a century

connected with the firm of Jordan, Marsh

& Co., died at his home in Chelsea this

morning, aged fifty-three years. Colonel Young was born in Penayan, N. Y., and en-listed in the Thirty-third Infantry as lieu-

BALTIMORE, April 7.-Wm. Galloway, who ran the first locomotive on the Balti-

more & Ohio road, is dead. Mr. Galloway

was probably the oldest railroad engineer

in the world. He was retired from the

Baltimore & Ohio in 1887. He was born

ROME, April 7.-Prince Giovanni Andrea.

of Vaimontane and Melfi, the head of the house of Doria-Pamphili-Landi, died to-

day from the effects of a surgical operation.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 7.-Hon. Winslow Judson, president of the St. Joe,

St. Louis & Santa Fe railway, died to-day

WEST POINT, Va., April 7 .- Hon. Jas. M.

Jeffries, judge of the Eighth Judicial Cir-

Movements of Steamers.

GLASGOW, April 7. - Arrived: State of

SOUTHAMPTON, April 7 .- Arrived: Ems,

LIZARD, April 7. - Passed: La Cham-pagne, from New York, for Havre.

LONDON, April 7 .- Sighted: Russia, from

NEW YORK, April 7 .- Arrived: State of

Georgia, from Glasgow; Lumen, from Ant-

werp: La Bretagne, from Havre, and Rot-

Charges Against a Disbursing Agent.

the Cherokee Nation are preparing to bring about an investigation of the official acts

of John W. Wallace, special disbursing

agent of the Interior Department. The In-dian Arrow published charges that Wallace

has conspired to defraud the Shawnee and

in the Cherokee Strip of \$75,000,

the amount of the annuity paid by

Howards and Turners Bury the Hatchet.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 7.—At Harlan Court-house, to-day, the Spurlocks, Days and others of the Howard-Turner feud held a conference and agreed to lay aside

their quarrel. They agreed that in case of

any further assassinations both sides should turn out and bring the murderer to

Not Silcott, but Silcox.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 7.—Nothing is known here of Silcott's arrest, as reported. The name is probably confused with that of

Fred Silcox, the bank clerk, who disap-

peared a week ago and returned yesterday.

the government, soon to become due.

Delaware Indians and the freedmen

TAHLEQUAH, April 7 .- The authorities of

New York, for Hamburg. Arrived: Mis-

cuit Court of Virginia, died last night.

of paresis, after and illness of severa

Boston, April 7.-Col. William Hale

ing utensils were consumed. Loss. \$2,000;

surance of between \$40,000 and \$50,000.

and is insured for \$30,000.

horses and buggies \$7,000.

no insurance.

tenant in 1861.

Sept. 21, 1809.

He was forty-six years old.

Nevada, from New York.

souri, from Baltimore.

punishment.

terdam, from Amsterdam.

from New York, for Bremen.

cured to-night.

Buy for the kid, And you'll be glad you did.

TO-DAY ON

1,000 pairs Short Pants for \$1, worth regularly \$2, \$3 and \$4.

15 CASES for 78 cents

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY ONLY! Fifteen cases boys' and men's Black and Brown Stiff Derbys at

78c.

These Hats are satin-lined, and were made to sell for \$1 and \$1.25. What are left of the Nellie Bly Soft Hats go for \$1.50; former price, \$2.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, BIG 4

TO PHILADELPHIA AND BETURN.

On April 11 and 12 the Big 4 Route will sell tickets to Philadelphia and return for one fare round trip, good returning until April 30, account meeting of Loyal Legion. This is an excellent opportunity for business men and sight-seers to visit the East, and our route through the beautiful valleys and mountains of West Virginia and Virginia, is unsurpassed for time and scenic beauty.

TIME CARD. CLEVELAND DIVISON.

Depart—*4.10 am, 7 am, *11.10 am, *3.05 pm, 6.20 pm Arrive—*9.15 am, *10.30 am, 5.15 pm, 6.25 pm *20.50 pm. CHICAGO & CINCINNATI DIVISION-BAST. Depart—3.55 am, *6.46 am, 10.50 am, *3.10 pm \$5 pm, 6.50 pm.

Arrive—10.17 am, *11.00 am, \$12:10 pm, 4.55 pm *10.55 pm, *11.35 pm.

CHICAGO AND CINCINNATI DIVISION—WEST.

Depart—".10 am, *11.10 am, 5.10 pm, *11.45 pm.

Arrive—3,30 am, 10.35 am, *3.00 pm, 6.25 pm. St. LOUIS AND CAIRO DIVISION.

Depart—*7.30 am, *11.05 am, 5.00 pm, *11.05 pm.

Arrive—*3.45 am, 10.35 am, *2.50 pm, *6.25 pm. "Daily. 2Sunday only.

Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. I

"The Pullman Vestibule Line" - BETWEEN -

INDIANAPOLIS and CINCINNATI

This road, always foremost to provide for the easety, convenience and comfort of the traveling public, have in their Pullman Vestibule Trains a public, have in their Pullman Vestibule Trains a service, which is acknowledged to be the "finest on earth," and it needs but a trial to convince you of the fact. The first-class coaches, smoking, parlor and eleeping-cars are the most luxurious ever constructed by the Pullman Company. The dining cars, with a menu that would make the leading hotels envious, must be seen to be appreciated. Besides, this close connections are made in Cincinnati, Dayton and Toledo with the leading lines for points South, East and North. Be sure you ask for tickets via the C., H. & D. For any further information call at our city ticket flice, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue. Trains arrive and depart from Union Station as

FOR CINCINNATI AND DAYTON.

FOR TOLEDO, DETROIT AND THE NORTH. Daily. †Daily except Sunday. H. J. BHEIN, General Agent.

Village Destroyed by the Kentucky Tornado. LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 7.-It is just learned here that Harper's Ferry, Henry county, was almost destroyed by the tornado. The village, composed of less than two dozen houses, is a considerable distance from any railroad. The houses were not far apart, and every one of them directly in the course of the tornade. Men. women and children were buried beneath the ruins. Not a house remained standing, and the whole surrounding country was covered with wreckage. Mrs. Laura Thomas, the wife of a farmer, was found dead by the side of a large tree, about a hundred yards from her home. An infant child of a farmer named Fletcher was found beneath the ruins of its father's residence smethered to death. Seven or eight were injured badly but none fatally. Those who escaped immediately took the others in charge and carried them to a schoolhouse in the hills, not far distant, where they remained until morning. Then assistance came from the farmers whose houses escaped. The property loss will

amount to \$20,000. To Promote Canadian Immigration.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 7.-The Northwest delegates who have been here the last two weeks separated to-day, having transacted all their business. They interviewed Hon. John Carling, Minister of Agriculture, and submitted several suggestions for promoting immigration to the Northwest. They proposed that the government should send farmer representatives of the different nationalities settled in the Northwest to their respective native countries to post their friends and countrymen upon the resources and adaptability of Canada, and their own success in their new homes. Several other propositions were made that had for their aim the development of the Northwest Territory.

Exhibition of Women's Work. NEW YORK, April 7 .- The exhibition of the Exchange for Women's Work was epened at the Lenox Lyceum, to-night, by a reception tendered by the board of managers to Thomas A. Edison. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Grover Cleveland and many other distinguished persons, besides the entire board of managers, among whom are Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Geo. Hoadly, Mrs. S. B. Elkins, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. John Patton, Mrs. C. R. Agnew, Mrs. B. H. Bristow, Mrs. F. R. Coudert, Mrs. W. E. Dodge and Mrs. W. B. Thurber. The exhibition will be open un-

Major LeCaron's Whereabouts. DUBLIN, April 7 .- The Freeman's Journal says that Major LeCaron, who became notorious because of the testimony given by him for the Times before the Parnell commission, is now living in a suburb of London. He has grown a gray beard and mustache, which have so completely changed his appearance that his most intimate friends could not recognize him. The Journal also says that he has been promised a further government engagement in Aus-

Daly Budly Defeated by Schaefer. CICCAGO, April 7 .- The billiard game ton'ght between Schaefer and Daly was a wall -a way for the former. Schaefer made a number of his phenomenal runs. Daly was allowed a handicap of 200 points, but was quickly distanced by his antagonist.

Following is the score: Schaefer - 8 0 96 75 20 25 8 5 19 8 10 0 23 5 29 18 63-500. Average, 29 7-17. Daly - 2 1 18 18 4 15 1 2 3 7 1 2 6 4 2 8-90. Average, 0 3-17.

PENSION MEASURE DEFEATED

Bourbon Demagogues, Led by Springer and Lawler, Win a Temporary Victory.

Attempt of Republicans to Suspend the House Rules and Pass the Morrill Service Bill Defeated by One Democratic Vote.

Great Solicitude for Veterans Shown by the Minority During the Debate.

Springer's Hypocrisy Exposed by Mr. Cannon -Efforts to Burden the Bill by Impracticable Amendments-How the Vote Stood.

VICTORY FOR DEMAGOGUES.

Morrill Service Pension Bill Defeated by the Democratic Minority of the House. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 7 .- A change of one vote in the House to-day defeated the Morrill service pension bill. That vote was Democratic, of course. Frank Lawler, of Chicago, voted to suspend the rules to pass the bill and when he ascertained that precisely two-thirds voted for the proposition, he changed his vote from "yea" to "nay" and the bill failed. It will come up again, however, at no distant day, and will pass. It pensions at \$8 a month all soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphans, dependent upon their own exertions for support, and who are for any reason disabled from any cause whatever, and places all veterans upon the roll at that rate when they attain the age of sixty-two years. Every Republican in the city was present and voted for the bill, except Mr. Moore, of New Hampshire. Every Democrat from Indiana and other doubtful States, where there is a large soldier vote, stood for the bill, but not till he had fought like a Turk to get time for demagogical speeches and an opportunity to amend the bill to death. It was the purpose of the Democrats to so amend the bill that could not become and thus defeat it by indirection. The Democratic opposition was led by Mr. Springer of Illinois, who claimed to be for the bill. Mr. Cannon, a colleague, but a true-blue Republican and the soldiers' friend, lifted Springer's disguise when he pulled the record and showed that Springer voted to sustain President Cleveland's veto of this bill, and that with him almost every

of this bill, and that with him almost every
Northern Democrat voted. The work of
to-day demonstrated who are and who are
not the friends of the soldiers.

A service pension bill introduced to-day
in the House by Representative Boothman
of Ohio provides substantially as follows:
It grants a service pension of one
cent per month for each day of service
to every man who served in the Union
army during the late war, without
regard to age; it provides that those soldiers who now receive a disability pension
may, if they choose, relinquish their disability pensions and accept the service pension. Widows of those drawing the service pension will be placed on the rolls at
\$8 per month during widowhood, but have
the right to prosecute and obtain a pension information can be obtained. Queries have of value have been received. The report, train was just leaving the place when the storm struck it. Forty cars were blown to the right to prosecute and obtain a pension under the present law by showing that the husband died from disability contracted in service and line of duty. The bill also grants a pension of \$3 a month to minor children under sixteen years of age, of many people killed. The news cannot be soldiers who die while drawing a pension, and if any of the children are so helpless TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 7.—The stable of Captain Haddon, at Carlisle, Ind., was as to require the care of another person, destroyed by fire, consuming two imported the pension is to continue during this help-Percheron stallions, one grade mare and one imported Percheron mare, five years lessness. If the widow dies or remarries

> they attain that age. THE DEBATE AND VOTE.

before the children attain the age of six-

teen her pension is to be paid to them until

was consumed. The loss on building, so Views Expressed by Members, and How They far as can be ascertained, is \$40,000, and on stock and furniture \$24,000, with a total in-Voted on the Motion to Suspend the Rules. WASHINGTON, March 7 .- In the House today Mr. Morrill of Kansas moved to suspend the rules and pass, with a substitute. Maleable Iron Company's plant, which covers an area of two and one-half acres Senate bill granting pensions to soldiers and sailors who are incapacitated from the fire to the extent of \$25,000 at 3 o'clock this performance of labor, and providing for morning. The plant is valued at \$80,000 pensions to widows and minor children and dependent parents.

> Mr. Springer of Illinois demanded a second and the motion was seconded—128 to 57. Mr. Morrill briefly explained that the substitute provided a service pension of \$8 a month to soldiers who have reached the age of sixty-two years or who are dependent. He thought the same principle which had been applied to the veterans of the war of 1812 and the war with Mexico should be applied to the veterans of the war of 1861. In answer to a question from Mr. Sayres of Texas he stated that it was estimated that the Senate bill would require an annual expenditure of of \$36,000,000 and the House substitute would require \$39,000,000 annu-

Mr. Bootham of Ohio did not arise to oppose the bill, but he protested against bringing a bill of this proportion and foreing its passage through the House without any member having a right to offer amendments. He would vote for the bill if he had to do so, but this method of procedure was unjust to the friends of other measures. He protested against an age limitation on a

service pension bill. Mr. Springer of Illinois said that he would vote against the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill for the reason that no proper consideration could be given to the measure in the limited time allowed for debate. There was no opportunity to offer amendment. According to his information not a single Grand Army post had petitioned for the passage of this bill. The soldiers had asked for a service pension

Mr. Pickle of South Dakota-That is Mr. Springer charged the Republicans with an evasion of responsibility, with dodging of the issue, with the betrayal of the soldiers, to whom they had promised a service pension bill. If this bill passed, no opportunity would be given in this Congress for the passage of a service pension bill. The soldiers had asked for bread and

the House was giving them a stone.

Mr. Tarsnesy of Missouri opposed the passage of a bill of this magnitude under the gag law. He would make known his views on the general subject of pension leg-islation, even if he were compelled to interfere with the tea parties which assembled here on Friday nights. He was opposed to indiscriminate pension legislation, and to any measure which placed the brave soldier on an equality with the skulking coward. Every time the bounty of the government was given to the unmeritorious man it was taken from the brave veteran. The soldiers of this country were

tired of this indiscriminate pension legisla-Mr. Craig of Pennsylvania said that he would vote for the motion to suspend the rules, although the bill did not go as far

as he would desire. Mr. Martin of Indiana suggested that the bill was called up to-day in order to prevent the offering of amendments in behalf of the soldiers. He objected to the age and time limitation. He would vote for the motion, but he would do so with great reluctance, because he believed that it was a breaking of the promises made to the sol-

diery of the country.

Mr. Lane of Illinois said that the bill was not a perfect bill, but it was better than anything now on the statute books and for

for recognition to-day, in order to put on its passage, after four hours, the service pension bill. He had a response to that request in this star-chamber proceeding to-day. The gag-law had been placed on the friends of the service pension bill. The Republicans might gag the House, but they could not gag the soldiers of the country. They knew who were their friends. No soldiers organization had petitioned for the passage of the pending bill, and the outrageous proceeding of to-day had been actuated by the desire of the Republicans to escape going on record on

day had been actuated by the desire of the Republicans to escape going on record on the service pension bill.

Mr. Sawyer of New York thought that the bill presented was the best which could be passed at the present time.

Mr. Yoder closed the debate in opposition to the motion to suspend the rules, and in conclusion asked unanimous consent to offer a substitute for the pending bill; but amid much langhter the Speaker brought down his gavel and declared that the gentleman's time had expired.

Mr. Cutcheon of Michigan ridiculed the idea of gentlemen on the other side of the chamber posing as the friends of the soldier, chided them with opposing general pension laws during the six years they had control of the House, and declared that every such law had been enacted by Republican votes and against the opposition of the Democrats.

publican votes and against the opposition of the Democrats.

Mr. Cannon of Illinois said that the pending bill would place 500,000 names of soldiers on the pension roll. He submitted that no friend of the soldier could refuse to vote for it, even though it did not go so far as he would like to see it go.

After further debate the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill was lost—years, 169, nays, 87—not the necessary two-thirds in the aftirmative.

thirds in the	affirmative.	necessary en
	s the vote in de	tail:
431114911111	YEAS.	
Acams.	Featherstone.	Payne,
Allen (Mich.),	Finley,	Paynter,
And'rs'n (Miss.).Flick.	Payson,
Atkinson (Pa.)	, Flower,	Perkins,
Atkina (W. Va.)	Fowler,	Peters,
Baker,	Gear,	Pickler.
Banks,	Gest,	Post,
Bartine, Barwig,	Greenhalge, Grout,	Price,
Bayne,	Hall,	Pugsley, Quackenbush,
Belden.	Hansbrough,	Randall (Mass
Belknap,	Harmer,	Reed (Ia.),
Bergen,	Haughen,	Reyburn,
Bingham,	Haynes,	Rife,
Bliss,	Henderson(III.)	Rowell,
Boothman,	Henderson (Ia.)	Russell,
Boutelle,	Hermann,	Sanford, .
Bowden,	Hill,	Sawyer,
Brewer,	Hitt,	Scranton,
Brickner, Brookshire,	Holman,	Scull,
Brosius.	Hopkins, Houk,	Seney,
Brown, J. B.,	Kelly,	Sherman, Shively,
Buchanan (N.J		Simonds,
Burrows,	Kerr (Pa.),	Smith (Ill.),
Butterworth,	Ketcham,	Smith (W. Va.
Bynum,	Lacey.	Smyser,
Campbell.	LaFollette,	Snyder,
Candler (Mass.		Stahlnecker,
Cannon,	Lane,	Stewart (Vt.),
Carter,	Lansing,	Stivers,
Caswell,	Laws,	Stockbridge,
Cheadle,	Lodge,	Struble,
Chipman, Clancy,	Lind, Magner,	Stump, Sweeney,
Clark,	Mish,	Taylor (III.),
Cogswell.	Martin (Ind.),	Taylor, E. B.,
Coleman.	Mason.	Thomas,
Comstock,	McClellan,	Thompson.
Conger,	McComas	Townsend (Col
Connell,	McCormick,	Turner (Kan)
Cooper (Ind.),	McKenna,	Vandever,
Cooper (O.),	McKinley,	Van Schaick,
Covert,	Milliken,	Wade,
Craig,	Moffitt,	Walker (Mass.
Culbertson (Pa.		Wallace (N. Y.
Cummings, Cutcheon,	Morrill, Morrow,	Watson, Wheeler (Mich
Daizell,	Morse,	Wickham,
Dehaven,	Mudd,	Wiley,
Dingley,	Niedringhaus,	Wilcox,
Dolliver,	Nute,	Williams (III.)
Dorsey.	O'Neill (Pa.),	Williams (O.),
Dunnell,	Osborne,	Wilson (Ky.),
Dunphy,	Owens (O.),	Wilson (Wash
Ewart.	Parrett,	Yoder-169.
Farquhar.		

NAYS. Mutchler, O'Ferrell, Peel, Perry, Allen (Miss.), Enloe, And'rs'n (Miss.), Forney, Bankhead, Gibson, Gibson, Goodnight Pierce, Richardson, Barnes, Biggs, Bland, Rogers, Rowland Rusk, Breck'r'e (Ark.), Hemphill Breck'r'e (Ky.), Herbert, Buch'an (Va.), Hooker, pringer. Kilgore, Lanham Buckalew, Stewart (Ga.), Bullock, Stewart (Tex. Lawler, Stone (Ky.), Stone (Mo.). Candler (Ga.), Lee, Lester (Ga.), Carlisle, Tarsney, Tillman, Carlton, Lewis, Ticker, Mansur, Martin (Tex.), Turner (Ga.), Clarke (Ala.), Turpin, Venable, Walker (Mo.), McClammy, Clements. McCreary, McMillan, Cathran, Washington, Wheeler (Ala.), Crisp, McRae Culb'son (Tex.), Mills, McRae, Montgomer Dargan. Moore (N. H.), Wilkinson, Wilson (W. Va.), Moore (Tex.),

Dockery. Edmunds, Morgan. Wise-87. ABSENT OR NOT VOTING. Andrew. Frank. Phelan. Arnold, Funston Geissenhainer, Raines. Beckwith, Grosvenor, Reilly, Robertson, Hayes, H'nd'rs'n(N. Browne (Va.), Browne, T. M. Brunner, Kinsey, Burton, Stephenson, Stockdale, Caldwell, Catchings, MeAdoo Cheatham Taylor (Tenn.) McCarthy, Taylor, J. D., Townsend (Pa.) Crain, Darlington Norton, Turner (N. Y.), Wallace (Mass.) Whiting, O'Donnell, O'Neall (Ind.), O'Neil (Mass.) Whitthorne, Wilson (Mo.), Evans, Fitch, Fithian Wright, Outhwaite, Owen (Ind.). Yardley,

Mr. Butterworth, from the committee o appropriations, reported the legislative. executive and judicial appropriation bill Calendar. Mr. Flower of New York moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill increasing from \$4,000 to \$6,000 per annum the salary of the supervising surgeon-general of the marine hospital service. The debate which ensued was confined to a discussion of the eminent services of Dr. Hamilton during the yellow-fever epidemic and the wonderful service he had done the country. The only opposition to the measure came from a few members who were opposed to the increase of salaries. The motion to suspend the rules failed.

The House then went into committee the whole, Mr. Butterworth of Ohio in the chair, on the naval appropriation bill Without action the committee rose and the House adjourned.

Sale of Race-Horses.

NEW YORK, April 7.—A sale of all race-horses belonging to William McMahon & Co. was held this morning at the Boulevard Riding Academy. Some of the more important sales are: Eslian, by Eslus-Culosh, to William Easton & Co., \$3,400; Speedwell, ch. m., by Spendthrift-Kapunda, to Edward Garrison, \$2,500; Falcon bl. g., by Falsetto-Molly Wood, to Mr. O'Farrell, Brooklyn, \$2,450; Prince Edward, by Spendthrift, dam out of imp. Piccadilly, to W. F. Clemens, \$1,200; Kempland, by Milner-Glorianne, to Mattie Corbett, \$3,200; John Atwood, by imp. Rayon d'Or-Viola, to James Sheehan, \$1,625; Veva. ch. f.. by imp. Mortimer-Lizzie Lucas, to W. F. Clemens, \$1,500; Garrison, br. c., by Attila-The Squaw, to W. F. Clemens, \$2,000.

Bad for Chicago Real Estate.

CHICAGO, April 7.—It was discovered to-day that W. D. Kerfoot, supposed to have been elected one of the directors of the world's fair as the representative of the Chicago Real-estate Board, is defeated. By a clerical error Mr. Kerfoot was credited with 82,000 votes too many. The defeat of Mr. Kerfoot lets in W. H. Colvin, who represents simply himself and his personal friends. This leaves the real-estate dealers of the city without a single one of their number a director.

Feud Results in Two Deaths.

Louisville, Ky., April 7.-At Chambers Station, near Mount Sterling, yesterday, Will Barnes and Kelly Day were killed by Albin Barnes and George Stephens. The Barneses were cousins, and the shooting grew out of an old fend. Day was a bystander, without any share in the quarrel.
Albin Barnes is thought to be wounded.

Sugar Beet Seed and Factory Machinery. Mr. Lane of Illinois said that the bill was not a perfect bill, but it was better than anything now on the statute books and for that reason he favored it.

Mr. Yoder of Ohio said that on Friday he had sent a request to the Speaker, asking

fifty tous of beet seed. Mr. Hamilton, of Nebraska, who shipped this machinery, is now in Europe, forwarding the trains as they are loaded. There will be a number of these trains. Several tons of the seed go forward to the Agricultural Department at Washington, as that department has had applications for seed, up to the present time, from over 2,000 farmers throughout the United States, and further applications are constantly coming in, which shows the interest taken by every one regarding this new and very important industry to the farmer in America. The plant at Grand Island, Neb., when completed, will cost considerably over \$500,000, and will have a daily capacity to work upwards of four hundred tons of beets, which is a very large factory, and larger than the average European plant.

BIG STRIKE OF CARPENTERS

Seven Thousand Men Quit Work to Enforce Demands for an Eight-Hour Day.

Building Operations at Chicago Brought to a Standstill-Bricklayers May Go Out to Assist Their Brethren-Other Strikes.

CHICAGO, April 7 .- The carpenters' strike took place this morning according to programme. It is estimated that 7,000 men are out this morning. The carpenter work on nearly all the large jobs has been brought to a standstill. The strike is for eight hours as a day's work, with 40 cents per hour. A great many the non-union men quit work out of sympathy with their union brethren, and it was claimed that most of them would join the carpenters' union, Altogether the paralysis of the building operations in Chicago was to-day, at least, complete. In some places the brick-layers went out with the carpenters, out of sympathy, and it was a common theme of conversation among them that the entire body of brick-layers would be called out unless the trouble should be settled within a week. In any event, nearly all of the other building trades will have to stop work soon unless terms are reached between the carpenters and the bosses. In that event 50,000 men will be idle. There no disturbance during the day. The men heeded the advance warning of their leaders to keep away from the saloons, and the result was quiet and orderly gatherings at their various headquarters throughout the city. Some of the contractors, who must complete the work they have on hand, to-day offered to accept the men's terms, but the Brotherhood is gunning for the Builders' Association, and refuse to let any one return to work until that body has recognized the union. "We are well organized, have plenty of

money, and will make a fight to the last ditch," said Secretary Howard. "Reports are coming rapidly from all over the city, and so far as we know, there is not a union carpenter at work. In fact, building op-erations have been practically stopped." Secretary Johns, of the Master Carpenters, said that so far as he could tell, about all the union carpenters in the city had left their tools. "We shall not attempt to at once resume work with the help of the non-union men," said he, "but will wait until our Thursday meeting before doing anything decisive.'

President O'Connell, of the Carpenters' Brotherhood said: "The strike is not so much for either higher wages or a shorter day's labor; the whole thing resolves itself into whether or not the bosses propose to recognize the Brotherhood as such, or whether they intend to continue treating with us as individuals. That is, we want the boss carpenters to sign a contract with us each year, fixing the number of hours we shall work each day and amount to be received per hour. As for the 40 cents an hour proposition, we are willing to arbitrate that with the boss carpenters' com-

mittee at any time." William Goldie, president of the Builders' and Traders' Exchange, said that in his opinion many of the men had been intimidated by threats, and struck to-day because of fear, but that they would be back to work again in a few days and would receive 35 cents an hour. "I think it will be at least a week before the strike is settled, and by that time all building trades will be blocked which means that there will be blocked, which means that there will be between forty and fifty thousand idle la-

borers on the streets of Chicago.' The carpenters claim that before the middle of the week nearly every carpenter in Cook county will have joined the Brotherhood, and that not a carpenter will be found working on any other condi-tions than those proposed by the strike committee. A number of bosses who were interviewed said that they would be willing to pay 40 cents per hour after their present contracts had been filled, but that on these they had figured at 30 cents per hour and would lose money on them if they should pay 40 cents per hour.

The executive committee of the master plumbers and the arbitration committee of the strikers met at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Shields, of the latter committee, said, at 2:30 o'clock, that, the strike would probably be settled by a compromise before the close of the conference. After midnight the master and journey-

men plumbers reached an agreement on \$3.50 per day scale of wages. The "juniors" were not represented, but it is understood they will be granted a proportionate increase in wages. The "juniors" have not ratified the agreement, but it is probable that the strike will end to-morrow.

Agitation of Massachusetts Workmen. Boston, April 7 .- Fully 4,500 carpenters in Massachusetts will demand that nine or eight hours constitute a day's work on and after May 1. Such was the report received at the carpenters' district council last night. Each one of the seventy-five delegates present stated that the union carpenters in the thirty-seven towns they represented were prepared to strike should reduction be refused. The non-union carpenters in all towns represented in the council were reported to be taking a lively interest in the eight-hour agitation, and they had all promised to support the union carpenters in an attempt to enforce the eighthour demand.

At a meeting of 200 piano varnishers and polishers, last night, many speakers urged all connected with the piano industry to move for the establishment of an eighthour labor day. Bakers' Unions 4 and 54 will, on May 1, demand that their hours of labor be reduced from sixteen to ten per day. At a meeting of Building Laborers' Unions 1 and 7, held yesterday, great enthusiasm prevailed over the prospect of shortening the labor day. A report from the national secretary stated that the organization was growing in all parts of North

Struck to Get Their Pay. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Ind., April 7 .- All the employes on the Indiana Midland railway went out on a strike yesterday. The management is behind four months with its pay for their services. The men were persuaded to run the passenger trains until next Thursday. when, if the company fails to settle, they will refuse to turn a wheel.

Disorderly Boot-Makers. VIENNA, April 7 .- Several thousand bootmakers met at Rudolfsheim to-day and marched through the suburbs of the city. There was considerable disorder, and a laws. Ont of six councilmen the Demo-

Steel-Workers Give In. PITTSBURG, Pa., April 7.-The Oliver iron and steel-works, which were closed last week on account of a strike, resumed operations in all departments to-day, the men baving yielded from the position they had

THE OFF YEAR RESULTS MIXED

Returns from Yesterday's Local Elections in Indiana and Other States.

The Republicans Made Steady Gains in the Rural Precincts but Stayed at Home Rather Unanimously in the Cities.

Wholesale and Indiscriminate Vote-Buying by Democrats at Evansville.

"Our Friends, the Enemy," Draw Most of the Prize Packages in the Municipal Contests in Ohio-Results Elsewhere.

THROUGHOUT INDIANA.

The Republicans Lose in the Large Towns but Gain in the Country.

In the township elections, yesterday, throughout the State the Republicans made many substantial gains, and captured many townships where the Democrata were intrenched. In the cities and larger towns the Republicans, with their usual "off-year" apathy, allowed the election to go by default, with the result of heavy gains in the Democratic majorities and a few Republican majorities wiped out. The following special dispatches to the Journal tell the story in detail:

ADAMS COUNTY. DECATUR, April 7 .- J. H. Vogelvede, Democrat, was elected trustee of Washington township, this county, to-day, over J. H. Steele, Republican, by a majority of 40 votes. Unofficial returns from other points in the county indicate Republican gains on account of local questions.

ALLEN COUNTY. FORT WAYNE, April 7 .- A light vote was polled in to-day's township elections. The entire Democratic ticket was elected by an overwhelming majority. Reports from the country indicate that eighteen out of twenty trustees were elected by the Demo-

BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY. COLUMBUS, April 7 .- William T. Davis, Republican, was elected trustee in Columbus township over Dr. S. J. Barrett, Democrat, by 38 majority. At the last election the Democrats carried this township by 330. The Republicans have a majority of the fourteen township trustees in this county. At the last general election this county went 350 Democratic. The Prohibition vote cut no figure in the election.

BENTON COUNTY. FOWLER, April, 7 .- Returns from four of the eleven townships in Benton county show a gain of one Democratic trustee. The vote in Center township shows a wonderful Republican gain, with a vote 200 short. The majority for trustee is 115. BLACKFORD COUNTY.

HARTFORD CITY, April 7 .- The voting here to-day was from the vest pocket. In this township Newbauer, was elected trustee. Reports from Washington township elect Storms, Democrat. Harrison and Jackson report Republican trustees elected. a Republican gain of one trustee in the

MONTPELIER, April 7.—To-day's has been one of the most hotly contested elections ever held in Harrison township. Daniel Arnold, Republican, was elected trustee by 54 majority. J. C. Sommerville, assessor, was elected by 12 majority. All of the balance of the ticket was elected by the Re-

BOONE COUNTY. LEBANON, April 7. - The Republicans elect their whole ticket in this (Center) township by 180 majority. Returns from Eagle township, in this county, give the Republicans 12 majority, and in Washington township the Republicans have 30 majority. The Democrats carry Perry township by 54. CASS COUNTY.

LOGANSPORT, April 7 .- Little interest was shown in to-day's township election here. The entire Democratic ticket, with exception of one officer, was elected by reduced majorities. Reports from the country show a Republican gain of three trustees out of twelve. CLAY COUNTY.

RRAZIL, April 7. - The Brazil township election passed off quietly. Republican, Democratic and Prohibition tickets were in the field. The vote was light, that of the Prohibitists especially, but the indications are that the entire Republican ticket is elected.

CLINTON COUNTY.

FFANKFORT, April 7 .- Indications are that Daniels, Democratic candidate for trustee, has defeated Brafford, Republican, of this township, Center, by a small majority, overcoming a majority of two hundred. The result is attributed to disaffection among the soldier and labor elements. In Kirklin, Wilds, Republican, is defeated. his opponent overcoming a majority of one hundred and lifty. The remainder of the Republican ticket is elected by about the usual majority. The vote was about four hundred short here, the Republicans being most affected. . DAVIESS COUNTY.

WASHINGTON, April 7 .- Robert Russell, Republican, has been elected over James R. Mulligan, Democrat, by a majority of about 120 in this township, a gain of nearly 100. Full reports from the out townships have not been received, but the indications are that a majority of the trustees have been elected by the Republicans.

DECATUR COUNTY. GREENSBURG, April 7 .- In Clinton township the election for trustee is a tie; in two others Democrats succeed Republicans. At this writing it seems that the Democrats have elected five of the nine trustees. The present incumbents are five Republicans and four Democrats. The total vote of the county is nearly equally divided. The Pro-hibition vote is slightly increased.

VANDERBURG COUNTY. EVANSVILLE, April 7 .- The city and township elections here to-day were a surprise to everybody. The Democrats gain the greatest victory in years. There are many reasons why the Republicans are so badly swamped. There are some bolters in the party who worked great harm, while the Prohibition party drew largely from the Republican ranks. The worst of all, however, is the influence of a powerful street-contracting ring, who worked hard for the Democratic party. The "floaters," bums and the scum of the city sold their votes in large numbers and were voted by the Democracy. While this fact is well known, yet it was impossible to detect the Democratic ward-workers buying votes. The Republican central committee has some strong evidence that they intend using in attempting to bring to justice some violators of the election number of the men were arrested. The crats elect tive, while in the First ward, strikers in the building trades are quiet. with four candidates in the field, the Rewith four candidates in the field, the Republican and Democrat are tied. The Democrats also elect a city clerk, waterworks trustee and the entire township

ticket. FOUNTAIN COUNTY. COVINGTON, April 7 .- In this (Troy) township, Robert C. King, Democrat, is elected over Charles F. Stewart, Repub-